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New York Tribune.

FIXING THE RESPONSIBILITY.

We propose to show that Grant himself was the prime mover in the Kellogg usurpation; that he never followed the orders of the courts, but went before them.

At the beginning of December, 1872, (Warmouth being then Governor), the two contesting boards, known as the Wharton and Lynch boards, had both been superseded by the promulgation of a law passed at the previous session of the Legislature, under which the DeFeriet board was subsequently appointed. This, according to the report of the Senate Judiciary Committee, was thereafter the only body competent to make a legal canvass of the votes. Warmouth had called the Legislature to meet in extra session, Dec. 9. Thus far there had been no canvass of the returns for Governor, and Durell had taken no action. There had been of course no resistance to the courts; there was no reason to believe that there would be any; or does not appear that the Marshal or any other officer had asked for troops; yet on the 3rd of December Attorney General Williams telegraphed the following extraordinary message to Marshal Packard: 'You are to enforce the decrees and mandates of the United States Courts, no matter by whom resisted, and General Emory will furnish you with all necessary troops for that purpose.' Mr. Williams evidently knew what was coming. On the night of the 5th of December—still no trouble and no demand for military aid—two batteries of the First Artillery were moved into New Orleans. On the same night Judge Durell issued his famous midnight order, made illegally, out of court, without even the form of judicial process, commanding the Marshal to take possession of the State House and prevent the assembling of the Legislature,—an order of which Senator Carpenter said, 'It is impossible to conceive of a more irregular, illegal, and in every way inexcusable act on the part of a judge; it had no more legal effect than an order issued by any private citizen.'

In accordance with this order, the troops furnished in advance took possession of the State-house at 2 o'clock in the morning, and remained there under orders of Marshal Packard for more than six weeks. Meanwhile (that is to say on the 4th of December) the De Feriet board had canvassed the returns, and declared McEnery and the rest of the Fusion ticket elected. But Marshal Packard's soldiers prevented the Legislature from assembling; a second order from Durell, issued like the first in open defiance of law and equity, recognized the Lynch board, which had been legislated out of existence by the act signed the previous November; and that board, with no returns in its possession, proceeded to count in Mr. Kellogg on the strength of estimates, newspaper reports, and forged affidavits. While this travesty upon Republican government was enacting, Packard was keeping the Attorney General advised by telegraph of every step in the outrage, and Collector Casey was telegraphing to the President. The decree of Judge Durell, if enforced, will save the Republican majority, and give Louisiana a Republican Legislature and State Government.' Of course it was enforced. The troops had not been ordered to New Orleans in advance without a purpose.

The Legislature created by Durell, and the Lynch returning board now impeached Warmoth, suspending him from office, and installed Lieutenant Governor Pinchback in his place, all within a few hours, in flagrant disregard of the statute which prescribed the method of impeachment; and Pinchback, Casey, Kellogg, with the rest of the conspirators, began telegraphing madly to Washington for further aid. 'Our members are poor,' says Casey, in a dispatch to the President, 'and adversaries are rich, and offers are made that are difficult for them to withstand. *There is danger that they will break our quorum.* The delay is placing troops at disposal of Governor Pinchback, in accordance with joint resolution of Monday, to disheartening our friends and cheering our enemies. If requisition of Legislature is complied with the party will be saved.' So on the 13th of December Mr. Williams telegraphed to Pinchback: 'Do it be understood that you are recognized by the President;' and on the same day he replied as follows to the respectful request of a committee headed by Governor McEnery for a hearing: 'Your visit with a hundred citizens will be unavailing so far as the President is concerned. His decision is made and will not be changed.'

That is the plain history of the Kellogg usurpation. It was not established by the courts; it was sent up by the joint action of the President, the Attorney General, and the United States Marshal. The pretence that Geo. Grane only enforced the decisions of a Federal judge is a dishonest piece of effrontery. But even if it were the truth instead of a false pretense it would be no excuse for him. The courts had no jurisdiction to determine a question of this kind. They are not empowered to decide between rival State Governments.—That is the duty of the political branch. It belongs to the President and to Congress. Neither can throw off the grave responsibility which it imposes upon them. Neither can be acquitted of the crime—far greater than the offence of the drunken partizan. Durell—which has reduced Louisiana to the abject and hopeless misery in which she lies to-day.

A PEN-PORTRAIT OF BISMARCK.

The mightiest statesman in the world is a tall, bald man, with some white hair. He wears a military uniform to please old William, but he best likes looser drapery. The man is very upright, very strong, very active, and so wonderfully elastic in his movements that he might be taken for an india-rubber man. He looks in robust health till examined closely, and then an observer begins to notice painful spasms and contractions of the face, which reveal overexhausted nerves. In manner he is a rollicking, overbearing man. Wife, children and friends stand in awe of him. He will not even listen to remonstrance, still less to contradiction. He strides over his enemies and acquaintances, nodding to the latter as he puts his foot on the former. The man is of giant appetite for work and food. He eats old sausages and black bread, served without a table cloth, for breakfast. His dinner is of mighty meals in plenty, washed down or floated in large goblets of strong Burgundy. He smokes and works and talks perpetually. His home is like a volcano in constant eruption. His secretaries cannot stand his work long; they are obliged to give in from sheer exhaustion. Prince Bismark is very funny when pleased, very formidable, very rash, very imprudent at all times.

A PLUCKY BOY.

Mention was made, says the San Francisco Chronicle, of the appointment by Congressman Page of young Jimmy Glennon, of Oakland, to a cadetship in the naval school. Young Gennon's school record has been wonderful. To show the enormous task the boy has been performing at the University, it may be interesting to state that as long as there was grading offered the boys to do around the grounds, Glennon at the first hours in the morning was over from Almeda, about seven miles distant, with his sleeves rolled up, and with pick or shovel in hand, trying to earn his 20 cents an hour alongside of the brawny laborers. But the most remarkable part was that when the bell tapped for recitation in mathematics he was promptly in his place with a perfect recitation. It is considered remarkable if a student can get through a term perfect in either recitation or examination, and but one or two in a class of sixty or seventy ever do this; but Glennon generally came off perfect in both, and often, when the whole section failed on a difficult problem, our hero would walk to the board and solve it in a twinkling. Again, after recitations, James would be found, with cheerful face and ready jokes at command, trundling his wheelbarrow or wheeling his homely implements among the grading hands, whom he always kept in jolly humor by his ready wit. A boy capable of doing all this is bound to succeed in life.

CRAZY FROM WEALTH.—A singular case of suicide recently occurred in Gessenay, near Berne, in Switzerland. The man, who killed himself, had by immense efforts, in which he was seconded by his wife, who was even more avaricious than himself, succeeded in amassing a considerable sum of money. Not long ago he was informed that a legacy of 25,000 francs had been left him. This piece of fortune gave him the mortal blow, a profound melancholy seized him, and the fear of death from hunger haunted him day and night. To avoid this fearful prospect, he stealthily left his house, went into the neighboring forest, and hung himself to a pine branch. He left 100,000 francs.

'My father was a farmer before me, and I thank God that I am a farmer born.' Such was the soft soap with which a well-known Western lawyer expected to soothe the Grangers with on the occasion of meeting them just before an election. It reminded a speaker of the Illinois orator who addressed a rural audience: 'Gentlemen,' said he, 'I am proud to be one of you. My father was a farmer, and I am a farmer born. Yes, I may truly say I was born between two rows of corn.' At this juncture a tipsy agriculturist at the further part of the house hiccoughed out: 'A (hic) pumpkin, by thunder!'

GONE.—Colonel Congreve, the celebrated inventor of the destructive Congreve rocket, was a musical amateur, and one day accompanied Mme. Vestris, the great singer, to view a monument that had been erected to the memory of Purcell, the composer. The Colonel read aloud the epitaph with good emphasis and modulation: 'He is gone to that place where alone his harmony can be exceeded.' Vestris immediately cried out, 'La, Colonel! the same epitaph will serve for you by merely altering one word, thus: 'He is gone to that place where alone his fireworks can be exceeded.'

Early to bed and early to rise will all be in vain if you don't advertise.

A common saw—A lawyer. P. S.—He is likely to be a drain to his client.

BREEDING STOCK.

It is not an unworthy ambition for any farmer to cultivate—to establish by careful breeding and judicious crossing a breed of animals of his own—of cattle, sheep or swine—adapted to his locality and wants, filling his idea of what his experience may have taught him a desirable animal should be for his locality. Of course in making such an effort he should study thoroughly the different existing breeds and have their merits and demerits well defined in his mind, and the objects he is to attain by his breeding experiments should be equally well defined. But there is no little effort made to improve upon or retain the good qualities of our native breeds and yet add to them those desirable in the imported, that we really have few or no independent and original breeders—that is, men with original ideas that have been formulated from the generalizations of experience and knowledge of the needs of this country, with its varied climates, soils, and condition of animal growth. There is a wide field here for some enterprising young American farmer to occupy.—It will require years of patient labor, study and experiment, but it will pay.

BALKY HORSES.

The society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals puts forth a set of rules for the treatment of balky horses:

1. Pat the horse upon the neck; examine the harness carefully, first on one side and then on the other, speaking encouragingly while doing so; then jump into the wagon and give the word go; generally he will obey.

2. A teamster in Maine says he can start the most balky horse by taking him out of the shafts and making him go round in a circle till he is giddy. If the first dance of this sort does not cure him, the second will.

3. To cure a balky horse, simply place your hand over the horse's nose and shut off his wind until he wants to go.

4. The brain of a horse seems to entertain but one idea at a time; therefore confirmed whipping only confirms his stubborn resolve. If you can, by any means, give him a new subject to think of, you will generally have no trouble in starting him. A simple remedy is to take a couple of turns of stout twine around the foreleg, just below the knee, tight enough for the horse to feel, and tie in a bow knot. At the first check he will generally go dancing off, and after going a short distance you can get out and remove the string, to prevent injury to the tendon in your further drive.

5. Take the tail of the horse between the hind legs, and tie it by a cord to the saddle girth.

6. Tie a string around the horse's ear close to his head.

CHANGE OF SEED.—The *American Agriculturist* answers a correspondent by saying: With all other grain than corn a change of seed is now and then considered advisible. Potatoes are especially improved by a change procured from a different locality and soil. But corn has not generally been found to deteriorate by long planting; on the other hand there are many farmers who are now planting seed produced from the corn their fathers planted a generation ago. Running out of the corn is more likely to be the result of impoverished soil, and the best method of improvement would probably be a crop of clover upon the land, to be ploughed under, or some other substantial fertilizer.

IMPROVING SEED WHEAT.—Sow none but the largest and most perfect kernels. It has been my practice for the last sixteen or eighteen years to run my wheat for seed over a very coarse seed screen, so as to sow none but the very largest kernels. By so doing I have improved my wheat so that I have sold nearly all of my wheat at home for seed. But in 1871 I hit upon a new plan. I had a piece of Treadwell wheat that was injured by insects in the previous fall and killed by insects in the winter, so that there were spots not worth cutting. After harvest I observed a few scattering heads of unusual size. It occurred to me that there was wheat that had withstood the ravages of the insects and the rigor of the winter. I gathered enough to sow one row square, from which I realized twenty pounds of wheat, of unusually large, even berry, which was at the rate of over fifty bushels per acre; last harvest had twenty bushels which weighed sixty-six pounds to the bushel. It is my opinion that we realize the best crop from the best and most perfect seed in the vegetable as well as the animal kingdom.

An old character among the Bucsh country parishioners at Arbirlot died as he had lived, a curious mixture of benevolence and folly. The lawyer who drew his will, after writing down several legacies of five hundred pounds to one person, a thousand to another, and so on, at last said: 'But, Mr. ——, I don't believe you have all that money to leave.' 'Oh,' was the reply, 'I ken that as well as you, but I just wanted to show them my good will.'

The less men think, the more they talk.

THE OBJECT OF THE HERALD'S CONVENTION.

A correspondent in New York writes to us:

'I wish this short extract from the Richmond Whig could be copied in every Southern paper:

'Not that the Herald cares anything for the South, but it wishes to save the Government and the North from Bankruptcy.'

'This is the whole secret—and to prevent this a combination of bondholders has been formed here to force through Congress such measures as shall save themselves, regardless of the consequences to the South.

'The first object is to force the payment of the old bonds (previous to the war), to accomplish which many artful promises will be made concerning the carpet-bag debt: but Southern statement will not be caught by such wiles, when once the leading papers of the South have put them on their guard.''

A CALIFORNIA BIRD THAT KILLS SNAKES.

The California road runner is a bird of remarkable aspect and of most singular habits. The body of the bird is about the size of a blue jay, and its tail, which is elevated at an angle of say twenty-two and a half degrees, is a foot or more in length. The head is crowned with a crest of blue, streaked with white, and the feathers of the head and neck are mostly bristle tipped. The upper plumage is a lustrous bronze green, the side and neck being a tawny brown striped with black.—The bird seldom flies, but is endowed with extraordinary swiftness of foot, and will jump to the height of eight feet. Aided by its wings, held as outriggers, the birds will attack a fleet horse in a race. It is said to be able to run five miles on a stretch.—Its food consists of reptiles, shellfish and insects. It has acquired the name rattlesnake killer from its skill in catching that game. The San Luis Obispo Tribune narrates the following story of its method of slaughtering the snake. We give it for what it is worth: 'It has a strong passion for this kind of business. It watches the snake until it goes to sleep; then flies to the cactus buds and brings their prickles and makes a regular corral about the snake. This is the death line. The runner does not let the snake die in the easy manner; he flies over him and drops the poisonous prickles down upon him, and in this manner accomplishes the work of death.'—The road runner belongs to the family of the Cuculidæ, or cuckoos.

A SCENE IN EXETER WHEN BEAST BUTLER MADE HIS LAST SPEECH.—In the centre of the ceiling of the hall is an open ventilator, and from this was suddenly seen depending upon all invisible thread a great table-spoon. It remained fixed for a moment, and then, as if the thread was being twisted between the thumb and finger, it began to wiggle and dance about like a jumping-jack. The situation was so ludicrous that it was perfectly irresistible, and each one in the audience, as he comprehended it, burst into a laugh. Mr. Butler did not perceive the cause of all the commotion for some minutes, and appeared considerably disturbed, but at last his glance fell upon it as it glistened in the light, and, as if relieved to find that that was all, said: 'Well, I should think that was about as good an argument as can be opposed to me. There seems to be some opposition in this town.' This turned the laugh nicely, and the audience was nearly unanimous in hissing its disapproval of the boyish and ungentlemanly joke.

Boston Advertiser.

MRS. PARTINGTON STILL ALIVE.—'Diseases is very various,' said Mrs. Partington as she returned from a street door in conversation with Dr. Bolus. 'The doctor tells me that poor Mrs. Bane has got two bumbobs on her lungs! It is dreadful to think of, I declare. The disease is so various!' One way we hear of people dying of hermitage of the lungs, another way of brown creatures; here they tell us of the elementary canal being out of order, and tensors of the throat; here we hear of neurology in the head, there of the embargo; one side of us we hear of men being killed by getting a pound of tough beef in the scarcophagus, and there another kills himself by discovering his jocular vein. Things change so that I declare I don't know how to subscribe for any diseases now-a-days. New names and new contrivances take the place of the old, and I might as well throw my old herb bag away.' Fifteen minutes afterward Isaac had the herb bag for a target, and broke three squares of glass in the cellar window trying to hit it, before the old lady knew what he was about. She didn't mean exactly what she said.

A man who has no mind will not change it.

'Mary Jane, have you given the goldfish fresh water?' 'No, ma'am. What's the use, they haven't drunk up what's in there yet.'

A New York State Quaker was found in a patch of grass behind a fence looking at a circus procession, and he turned it off by asking, 'Friend, must thee see the king-bolt of my wagon around here?'

THE WILD SHEEP OF CALIFORNIA.

I have been greatly interested in studying their habits during the last four years, while engaged in the work of exploring these high regions. In spring and summer, the males form separate bands. They are usually met in small flocks, numbering from three to twenty, feeding along the edges of glacier meadows or resting among the castle-like crags of lofty summits; and whether feeding or resting, or scaling wild cliffs for pleasure, their noble forms, the very embodiment of muscular beauty, never fail to strike the beholder with liveliest admiration. Their resting places seem to be chosen with reference to sunshine and a wide outlook, and, most of all, safety from the attacks of wolves. Their feeding grounds are among the most beautiful of the wild Sierra gardens, bright with daisies and gentians and mats of blooming shrubs.

These are hidden away high on the sides of rough canons, where light is abundant, or down in the valleys, along lake borders and stream banks, where the plushy turf is greenest and the purple heather grows. Sweet grasses also grow in these happy Alpine gardens, but the wild sheep eats little besides the spicy leaves and shoots of the various shrubs and bushes, perhaps relishing both their taste and beauty, although tame men are slow to suspect wild sheep of seeing more than grass. When winter storms fall, flocking their summer pastures in the lavish bloom of snow, then, like blue birds and robins, our brave sheep gather and go to warmer climates, usually descending the eastern flank of the range to the narrow, birch-filled gorges that open into the sage plains, where snow never falls to any great depth, the elevation above the sea being about from 5,000 to 7,000 feet. Here they sojourn until spring sunshine unlocks the canons and warms the pastures of their glorious Alps.

In the months of June and July they bring forth their young, in the most solitary and inaccessible crags, far above the nest of the eagle. I have frequently come upon the beds of the ewes and lambs at an elevation of from 12,000 to 13,000 feet above sea level. These beds consist simply of an oval shaped hollow, pawed out among loose disintegrating rock chips and sand, upon some sunny spot commanding a good outlook, and partially sheltered from the winds that sweep passionately across those lofty crags almost without intermission. Such is the cradle of the little mountaineer, aloft in the sky, rocked in storms, curtained in clouds, sleeping in thin, icy air, but, wrapped in his hairy coat, nourished by a warm, strong mother, defended from the talons of the eagle and teeth of the sly coyote, the bonnie lamb grows apace. He learns to nibble the purple daisy and leaves of the white spiræa, his horns begin to shoot, and ere summer is done he is strong and agile, and goes forth with the flock, sheperded by the same divine love that tends the more hopeless human lamb in its warm cradle by the fireside.—*Overland Monthly.*

Pa, what becomes of dogs when they die? They go to the happy land of canine, my son.

Why is a son who objects to his mother's second marriage like an exhausted pedestrian? Because he can't go a step-father.

An Iowa editor recently announced that a certain patron of his was 'thieving as usual.' He claims that he wrote 'thriving.'

'My dear boy,' said a fond aunt to a very fast-living nephew, 'don't you know that in leading this irregular life you are shortening your days?' 'It's quite possible that I may be shortening my days, but then now I lengthen my nights,' was the cool reply.

The proverb that 'God helps those who help themselves' was well paraphased by a little fellow who tumbled into a fountain and was nearly drowned. Pale and dripping, he was put to bed, and when his mother told him to thank God for saving him, Young America answered: 'I s'pose God did save me, but then I held on to the grass too.'

Brief colloquy in Texas between a tourist and a native: 'My friend, why is it everybody in this country think it necessary to carry one or two revolvers?' 'Well stranger, said the Texan, 'you mought travel around here a good long time and not want a weapon, but when you do want a pistol in this country you want it bad.'

This is the way a colored preacher at Richmond arranged his hearers for mutual convenience: 'Before part ob de church will please sit down so de hind part ob de church can see de fore part, for de hind part can't see de fore part, persist in stain' before de hind part to de utter exclusion of de hind part by de fore part.'

A professional man not far from State street, Boston, returning to his office one day, after a substantial lunch, said complacently to assistant, 'Mr. Peetkin, the world looks different to a man when he has three inches of rum in him.' 'Yes,' replied the junior, without a moment's hesitation, 'and he looks different to the world!'

HOLLAND'S Warehouse, Danville Va., is the place for the Highest Prices for TOBACCO. And best Accommodations.

Hillsborough Recorder.

WEDNESDAY.....OCT. 14, 1874.

THE CONVENTION QUESTION.

As we learn that letters advocating a Convention may be expected from gentlemen so distinguished and authoritative on the subject as the Hon. W. A. Graham, and the Hon. M. E. Manly, we suspend for the present any further remarks.

We believe however, that the more the subject is brought to public notice, the less objectionable it will become, and the greater the amount of information given, the more the necessity of such mode of Constitutional amendment will be recognized. And therefore we will return to it again, after the appearance of the expected letters.

JUDGE MANLY'S LETTER.

The Wilmington Journal of the 10th contains the letter from this gentleman referred to above. It will appear next week. As might be expected, it is an able and convincing argument for a Convention to be called by the coming session of the Legislature.

COTTON.

It is generally conceded that the Cotton crop of 1874-5 will be less by several hundred thousand bales than that of the preceding year, and this, notwithstanding the prospects of an extraordinary crop, until very late in the growing season. Excessive droughts in the Southern and Southwestern states causing the plants to dry up and the bolls to shed, caused a deficiency in that section of from 25 to 40 per cent. In this State, rust, late rains, and the equinoctial gale have made a reduction of from 15 to 20 per cent. The whole estimate for the region of production is not over 3,500,000.

With such a diminished supply, it might be expected that prices would start off higher, and that there should be more animation in the market. On the contrary, prices rule lower than they did at the close of last winter, and the market has little life in it.

At the present prices, there is little profit in the culture. In the days anterior to the war, it was supposed that six cents would pay the cost of production. Now, with the changed system of labor, the depreciation of money, and the enhanced cost of provisions and farm supplies, the cost of production will not vary much from 12 to 14 cents. The margin of profit is narrowed to its minimum.

But we are at the mercy of the northern Merchant and northern Manufacturer. We have forged our own chains. We cannot be free until we raise our own provisions, and buy much less from the North, in clothing, in wares of all kinds, in tools and agricultural implements which ought to be made at home, in costly furniture, in equipages, in everything in fact by which Southern extravagance, in its desire to dissipate its earnings, has sought to keep the South helpless and poor, and increase the already overgrown power and wealth of the north.

THE REPUBLIC.

The first number of the new Administration organ, the New York *Republic* has made its appearance among our exchanges. It is an eight page paper well filled with reading matter, able correspondence, and accurate and full commercial and financial reports. The editorial department is fair, courteous and able. We cannot say as much for the political correspondence. There appears to be a predetermined purpose to work up everything into a case, to distort every incident of violence between white and black into race hostility, and to magnify every instance of mob spirit into rebellion against the government.

We want oil, not petroleum, thrown on the troubled waters.

We may give up all hope of quiet in the Southern States until after the Presidental election. It is not the purpose of the Radical party to give us peace or repose, until the all important question of political supremacy is decided. Far preferable that the South should be harried by Federal troops, its best men dragged off in handcuffs to loathsome dungeons, the rights of domicile violated, its houses invaded and their inmates insulted; better far that the white man should be degraded, and the ignorant negro exalted, than that the radical party should suffer; that the noble army of office holders should come to want. We wonder how those gentlemen in this State who did so much last summer, directly or indirectly to bring North Carolina again under radical rule, feel now, when they see the cloven foot of that party so shamefully exposed?

See general news column for the outrageous acts of government troops in Alabama.

The prospects for a most brilliant and successful State Fair are bright.

EPISCOPAL GENERAL CONVENTION.

We wait with solicitude a detail of the deliberations and actions of this body, now assembled in Triennial Session in the city of New York. Much is to be decided for permanent good, or permanent disaster, not only to the Episcopal Church, but to all protestant denominations throughout the country.

The Episcopal Church, almost alone, has clung to liturgical forms, and through them, has heretofore held fast to its integrity, repelling innovations, and, with the Prayer Book as its standard and guide, retaining until of late, the purity of its doctrines, and the simplicity of its services.

In latter times this tranquil current, this conservative repose, have been disturbed. The Church of Rome, tireless in its purpose to regain its lost ground, has seized upon the awakened spirit of inquiry so characteristic of this age, to suggest anew the doubts which the good sense, the learning, and the patriarchal piety of the days of the Reformation had definitely settled.

Imaginations fired with traditionary picture of mediæval splendor; hearts distrustful of their resources, looking to gorgeous ceremonial and elaborate vestments as the substitutes for a simple faith; minds, disturbed with causeless doubts, and deficient in reasoning courage, ready to fall back upon a support that would think for them—all these have responded readily to the insinuating policy of the Romish Church, and are almost ready to accept the bidding so openly extended.

On the other side, there are those, sturdy, independent thinkers, plain in speech and simple in act, who had inherited much of that intolerance of a formal system of worship, and much of that fear of ceremonials under the cover of which the early protestant churches fancied they could always see the cloven foot of the Pontiff. These yield a ready submission to their Church so long as it adheres to prescribed rule and recognized authority, but will run into the extreme of dissent rather than be dragged into return to an allegiance long ago repudiated.

Between these two extremes, between the extreme ritualists on the one hand, and the extreme Low church party on the other, it is the delicate but important duty of this Convention to decide. The question, compromised at the Convention in Baltimore in 1871, was only postponed. Both sides have gathered strength in the meantime, and definite action is the momentous but unavoidable demand.

The vast body of the Episcopal Church is sound. It still holds fast to its Prayer book, its liturgies, as its sheet anchor. Its extremities are only affected. It may be the unpleasant but necessary duty of this Convention to lop off one offending member. It is almost sure that the other, which is diseased from excess of caution and fidelity may be radically reclaimed and fully reconciled.

CARPET BAGGERS.

The Petersburg News expresses our sentiments so exactly that we reproduce them. In doing so, we reiterate a common sentiment, that there is no hostility to Northern men, as such, coming among us as bona fide settlers, or business men. On the contrary, we want and we welcome such. We admire their energy their thrift, and their unflagging industry, a new infusion of which element among us nobody can deny. We have northern men among us and around us, and we appeal to them to say if they have ever encountered the *slightest* hostility or opposition on account of their nativity, or their political opinions.

The North State takes up the question and we think argues it unsoundidly. It says truly that "of the present members of the Senate and House of Representatives all are natives of North Carolina." Yes, and thank God for it! But after how hard a struggle was that brought about! The swarm that fattened upon the State was not stifled until after a four years fight. The brood that were composed of such miscreants as Laffin and Dewease and Littlefield, the crew who engineered through the Convention of 1868, who rioted on the spoils of the people in the Legislature of the same year, was not destroyed until the oppressed populace had risen almost to the pitch of revolution.

North Carolina is free, but South Carolina and Mississippi, Louisiana and Arkansas are still ridden by the class who may truly be called "carpet baggers and thieves." It is only necessary to draw a contrast between the condition of North Carolina and those states to see what an immense relief has been gained by their overthrow here.

In speaking of this class of political vermin that infest all portions of the South, that most verscious Radical organ, the Washington Republican, says:

"A man who leaves New England or the middle States to reside in Wisconsin or Kansas is recognized as an active citizen. If he goes to reside in any Southern State, he is characterized as a 'carpet-bagger and a thief."

He is both. He does not come down South as people go West, to buy a farm and go to honest labor, and does he come to engage in any honest business, trade or profession. He does not come to make an honest living at anything, nor to be a permanent and useful citizen. He only comes with three visible possessions—a carpet-bag, a dirty shirt, and a federal commission in his pocket. He comes to affiliate with our negroes and corrupt them, to steal away all our offices, State and Federal, and to rob and plunder us of all our taxes and possessions. They never stay amongst us in any one locality for six months at a time without an office of some kind, or the speedy prospect of one. Nor do they obtain or hold their places of public plunder upon any character or merit of their own, nor from the hands of respectable communities. They get them by political trickery from the lowest dregs of societies where the negro preponderates and honest people are overpowered by numbers.

Hence the Republican is correct in saying that all such visitors are 'carpet baggers and 'thieves,' and are properly so designated by all honest men. Any other class of comers are always respected by our people as citizens.

GEORGIA ELECTIONS.

So far as heard from only three counties in Georgia have gone Republican. The indications are that the next representation in Congress from that State will be entirely Democratic.

The Yellow Fever at Pensacola, or rather at the Navy Yard, seems to be abating. Commodore Woolsey is dead and a number of officers and men. The Pensacola Gazette gives a touching account of the death of three Sisters of Charity, Martyrs to duty.

THE PRESIDENT'S VIEWS ON THE LOUISIANA QUESTION.

WASHINGTON, October 7.—The following special to the Herald from this city, undoubtedly reflects the views of the President. It comes almost directly from him:

"The opinions of Reverdy Johnson and Charles O'Conor, with the rejoinder of Mr Johnson on the Louisiana question have called attention to an important principle in the political government of the country, viz: the right of the President to review his own acts. The President recognizes the necessity of having this subject settled without delay. The views of both Johnson and O'Conor, published in the Herald have been carefully read by the President. He does not agree with Johnson that either Kellogg or McEnery was elected, but equivocally declares that the election in 1872 was a mockery, and that his only motive in recognizing Kellogg was to save society in Louisiana from anarchy. He does not consider either Kellogg or McEnery the lawfully elected Governor of Louisiana. On Friday last, in conversation with a Southern gentleman, he intimated that this would be his position in his next message to Congress, and that he should ask that provision be made for a free and fair election at the earliest possible day; and should give emphasis to what he had already declared, that it was time for the Republican party to unload Louisiana."

MONTGOMERY, October 6.—A letter to the *Advertiser*, from one of the most prominent and reliable citizens of Sumter county, says: "The United States marshals are very actively engaged here. Martial law, in point of fact, exists in Sumter. Houses are entered by United States soldiers without form or ceremony. Private property is taken and carried off without leave or license, and private citizens against whom there is no shadow of a charge, are arrested without warrant or process of law. A few nights ago the whole body of the Democratic and Conservative convention was put under arrest until the deputy United States marshal saw fit to release them. On the next night a squad of Federal soldiers went into the country to a house and not finding the owners at home, took into their possession guns and pistols belonging to different parties. At another house, which was in charge of a negro man, who was sleeping in it with his little son, in attempting to surround it they awakened the little boy who became frightened and started to run. He was shot at eight or nine times, but whether he was wounded or not I am unable to say. The next night Marshal Randolph, with soldiers and a detective went to the house of one of the most quiet and respectable citizens and surrounded it. When he got up in the morning he found that his premises were guarded all around. As soon as he was dressed he opened the doors and Randolph, soldiers and detective came in. The gentleman was ordered to cross his hands so that he could be handcuffed. He demanded their authority for his arrest, when the United States Deputy Marshall significantly tapped his musket and remarked 'This is my authority.'

"Another case was that of an old man who started at an early hour to go to town, when he was met by a Deputy United States Marshal with a squad, who told him he was out too early, and arrested and held him several hours. The Marshals appear surprised to find no white leaguers in the country.'

MOBILE, October 6.—Messrs. Renfroe, Bullock, P. A. Hillman and Childs, the gentlemen charged with the murder of W. P Billings, in Sumter county, arrived here Sunday. They were interviewed this morning. They give dreadful accounts of their sufferings and brutal treatment. They were handcuffed and chained together and put in charge of a squad of Federal soldiers, who had orders to shoot them on the slightest provocation. Along the entire route, from Demopolis to Montgomery, they were subjected to curses and abuses from negroes and scallawags who were allowed to enter the cars at any station when remaining over. They were thrown into the vilest dens reeking with filth, were denied water and meals and were prohibited from communicating with their attorneys. The marshal had a warrant for Wm. Hillman, and when P. A. Hillman demanded by what authority he was arrested, the marshal replied, 'It don't make a damn bit of difference. We'll take you along now and get William some other time.' The trial is going on. Three negroes testified to-day. Their testimony is indescreet, their lesson not being well learned.

COLUMBIA, S. C., October 6.—In a communication to the Attorney-General of the United States, bearing date September 2, President Grant spoke of atrocities as existing here, which showed a disregard for law, civil rights, and personal protection that ought not to be tolerated in a civilized government.

The State Tax Union, which met in convention on the 10th of September, appointed a committee, consisting of one delegate from each county, to enquire what atrocities have been committed, and in what section, and by what class of persons. The committee has just made its report through Colonel James H. Rion, president. It says: 'We have failed to ascertain a single case in the State of an injury, outrage, or wrong committed during the present year by a white man upon a negro in the slightest degree attributable to the race, color, or previous condition of servitude of the negro, or upon any Republican on account of his political opinions."

MARKETS.

DANVILLE, Va., Oct. 9th.

Reported by S. H. Holland & Co., Receipts light and market very active.

Lugs, Very common	8.00 to 10.00
" Good "	12.00 to 14.00
" common bright,	15.00 to 20.00
"fancy"Smokers,	20.00 to 30.00
Leaf, common red	12.00 to 15.00
" good	15.00 to 18.00
Wrappers, Medium	40.00 to 50.00
" Fine,	50.00 to 60.00
" Extra	80.00 to 120.00

COTTON.—Raleigh Oct. 10.—Demand a little more active but with no advance in prices. Low Middlings 13½c. Receipts on Friday 353 bales.

Wilmington, 9th. Low Middlings 14¼. middlings 14¾.

Norfolk, 9th. Low middlings 14¼. Middlings, 14¾.

FLOUR.—Raleigh, Oct. 9th. North Carolina $7.25@7.50.

Wheat.—Richmond 11th White 1.15 to 1.38. Red 1.00 to 1.30.

NEW FALL STOCK
AT THE
BRICK STORE.
GOODS BELOW OLD PRICES.
We are opening the largest
STOCK OF GOODS
HILLSBORO has yet shown.
GOODS ARE CHEAP.
DOMESTICS lower than prices before the war.
We have the prettiest lot of PRINTS, I have seen in the town.
Best Quality 10 cents.
BLEACHED COTTONS
Much lower than they have been offered since the war.
We have a splendid assorted Stock of
MEN'S WEAR.
HEAVY JEANS,
CLOTHS,
CASSIMERES,
DRESS GOODS.
A Complete Stock of
Irish Poplins,
Fancy Japanese Silks,
POPLINS.
NAVY BLUE MATERIALS.
With bleed Steel Buttons for trimmings.
Black Empress Cloth,
Alpacas,
New Style.
BLACK DRESS GOODS;
Best Stock of
Millenery
I have had.
Handsome Trimmed and Untrimmed
Bonnets and Hats;
The prettiest lot of FLOWERS we have yet had. New styles GENTS HATS,
READY MADE CLOTHING,
The celebrated
WINCHESTER SHOE
For Ladies and Misses.
We have bought much larger Stock than usual. We also have a new Salesman; will be able to give you more attention.
C. M. Parks.
Sept. 30 tf.

FOR SALE.

A new 60 Saw Gin, (Never tried, to a responsible party.)
1 new 40 Horse Power Return Tubular Boiler (2nd Hand.)
1 new 10 horse power return tubular Boiler;
1 new 15 horse power Stationary Engine,
1 new 4 " " " "
1 new 8 " " Portable " "
suitable for Ginning Cotton &c. &c.
Circular Saws,
LEATHER AND GUM BELTING,
STEAM PUMPS, &c. &c.
Send for Circular.
RAHM & HUNTER,
MACHINISTS,
RICHMOND, VA.
Sept. 9 3m.

R. F. JONES & CO.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
Grocers, Cotton Factors
AND
General Commission Merchants,
Wilmington St., Opposite Market House,
RALEIGH, N. C.
The highest prices paid for
COUNTRY PRODUCE.
COTTON bought, sold and stored.
Sept. 16 3m.

W. Alex. Bass & Co.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
FOR THE SALE OF
Tobacco,
Dried Fruits, Pea Nuts, Sumac,
Beeswax,
And all other Southern Products,
No. 175 CHAMBERS ST.,
W. ALEX. BASS, NEW YORK.
RICHMOND, VA.
CASH Advances on Consignments, and Check for balances as soon as Goods are sold.
Sept. 16 1874 6m.

D. S. WAITT.
DEALER IN
Ready Made Clothing
FOR
MEN, YOUTHS AND BOYS.
Boots, Shoes, Hats and Caps.
The latest Styles and as low as they can be bought in the city.
DOMESTIC and Fancy DRY GOODS,
Cheap FOR Cash.
LADIES' Trimmed HATS
AND RIBBONS.
Pretty and remarkably CHEAP.
Manhattan White Dress Shirts.
Acknowledged by all to be the best fitting and most comfortable wearing shirt made.
ALSO A FULL LINE OF
Notions, Trunks, Valises, Umbrellas, Traveling Bags &c. &c.
I HAVE a large STOCK and in a few days will have a complete
FALL AND WINTER STOCK,
give me a call and if selling Goods for a
SMALL PROFIT
is what you want I am convinced I can suit you.
D. S. WAITT,
54 Fayetteville St.
sept. 2 1y. Raleigh, N. C.

K. P BATTLE. F. H. CAMERON.
President. Vice President.
W. H. HICKS, Sec'y.
NORTH CAROLINA
STATE LIFE INSURANCE
COMPANY.
RALEIGH, N. C.
CAPITAL. $200,000
AT end of First Fiscal Year had issued over 900 Policies without sustaining a single loss.
Prudent, economical and energetic management has made it
A SUCCESSFUL CORPORATION.
This Company issues every desirable form of Policies at as low rates as any other First Class Company.
Imposes no useless restriction upon residence or travel.
Has a fixed paid up value on all policies after two annual payments.
Its entire assets are loaned and invested
AT HOME,
to foster and encourage home enterprises.
Thirty days grace allowed in payment of premiums.
With these facts before them will the people of North Carolina continue to pay annually thousands upon thousands of dollars to build up Foreign Companies, when they can secure insurance in a Company equally reliable and every dollar's premium they pay be loaned and invested in our own State, and among our own people?
Apply to
A. W. GRAHAM, Agent, Hillsboro.
H. A. LONDON Jr.
Gen'l. District Agent.
CAPT. JOHN TAYLOE, Pittsboro.
Gen'l. Ag't. Leasburg.
Sept. 23 1y.

FALL 1874.
M. MILLHISER & CO.
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
DRY GOODS & NOTIONS.
WE have now in store and are receiving the largest and most complete Stock of
Dry Goods and Notions
ever offered in this market.
We are prepared to supply every demand of the trade. M. MILLHISER & CO.
1209 MAIN STREET,
sept 9 to 1t 75. RICHMOND, VA.

Drugs, Medicines &c.
Purcell, Ladd & Co.
WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,
RICHMOND, VA.
DEALERS IN
Drugs, Medicines, Paints and Oils
of every description
WINDOW GLASS of all sizes, &c. &c.
Our stock is very large and complete, embracing every article in our line of business. Our long experience has made us familiar with the wants of the trade, and we constantly invite an examination of our goods and prices.
We sell very LOW for CASH, or to Punctual customers.
Prompt and faithful attention given to orders.
PURCELL, LADD & Co.,
1210 Main street,
sep 9 3m RICHMOND, Va.

A. L. ELLETT, CLAY DREWRY,
A Jusson Watkins, Formerly,
Late Ellett & Watkins. Ellett & Drewry.
STEPHEN B HUGHES,
Formerly,
Hughes, Caldwell & Co.
A. L. ELLETT & CO.,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS,
No. 1211 MAIN STREET,
RICHMOND, VA.
Orders promptly executed. sep 9 2m.

ST. JAMES HOTEL,
12th, Opposite Bank St. & Capitol Square,
Richmond, Va.
T. W. Hoenniger,
PROPRIETOR.
A new and first class Hotel, furnished in 1874 equal to any in the United States. The Proprietor assures comfort to the travelling public.
Mr. John R. Ballard, will be glad to see his old friends and patrons. sept 9 1y.

JEWELLERS,
John H. Tyler & Co,
Successors to
MITCHEL AND TYLER.
1107 Main Street,
RICHMOND, VA.
HAVE constantly on hand and are in daily receipt of New Goods, both in
Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, Silverware, Plated Ware, Spectacles, Fancy, Military and Masonic Goods.
Watch repairing, including adjusting skillfully executed. Orders per mail promptly attended to and satisfaction in all cases guaranteed.
Sept. 9 6m.

FALL 1874.
M. S. Valentine and Co.,
1213 Main Street,
RICHMOND, VA.
ARE now receipt of their FALL STOCK of
Fancy, Goods, Notions,
HOSIERY &c.
PRICES GUARANTEED.—A call and order is solicited. sept 9 3m.

JAMES W. GIBSON,
Successor to KELLOGG & GIBSON.
IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
China, Glass, Queensware
AND
HOUSE-FURNISHING GOODS,
No. 1207 Main Street,
sept. 9 3m RICHMOND, VA.

C. W. THORN,
WHOLESALE DEALER IN
Hats, Caps, Straw Goods
AND
LADIES' TRIMMED HATS,
1206 Main Street,
RICHMOND, VA.
Goods especially adapted to the trade of Virginia, West Virginia and North Carolina.
Sept 9 3m.

The Hillsborough Recorder.

WEDNESDAY.....OCT. 14, 1874.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

Terms of the Recorder for 1874.
For 1 year, $2.00.
" 6 months, 1.00.
Payments always in advance.
Job printing done neatly cheaply and promptly.

See fourth page both for Ads and interesting reading matter.

Go to COOLEY'S if you want to see a splendid stock of furniture in every line.

The sale of Means and Walker's Warehouse at Durham on Thursday last for the benefit of the Orphan Asylum netted the handsome sum of seventy dollars, which was turned over to Mr. W. A. Thompson, as agent of Orange county.

The little son of Mr. Means, infected with the all pervading spirit of charity, went through the crowd of buyers and collected $7.65, which was added to the other amount.

Meningitis.

We regret to learn that a number of cases of this awful disease have occurred in this county, Southwest of Chapel Hill.

So far none have proved fatal, and it is to be hoped that medical skill will triumph over all.

Hot for the Fair.

The Schedule for the Special passenger train was received too late for last week's issue. It may however be of service to many to know that a "Day-light train" each way passes from Salem to Raleigh on the 13th, 14th, 15th and 16th inst. reaching Raleigh at 10.30 a m, and leaving at 5 p m. Reaches Hillsboro at 8:20 a m; returning at 6.57 p m; Mebanesville at 8.02 a m, returning, 7.28 p m. Durham, 9-12 a m; returning 6.20 p m.

Round tickets from Hillsboro, including entrance to Fair Grounds, $1.70, Mebanesville $2.00, Durham $1.20

Mistake Corrected.

In our notice of the Grange Festivals last week we inadvertently ascribed the honor of the festivities to Eno Grange, whereas Centre Grange was the real body. Our mistake grew out of the fact that both Granges were near Eno river, and we knew there was an Eno Grange, and carelessly assumed this to be the one. Being a Granger now, we will not fall into a similar error.

Rev. W. A. Graham

Left here on Monday evening to attend the Federal Court at Greensboro. From Greensboro he goes to Philadelphia, and thence will go to attend a meeting of the Trustees of the Peabody Fund. After that, if the other parties are ready, he will appear in Washington City as referee on the part of the State of Virginia in the contested boundary case between that State and Maryland. We hope his health will bear up under such a strain both upon his mental and physical powers.

Died of his Injuries.

Mr. Duncan Carrington died on Friday last of the injuries received by the accident to him mentioned in our last issue. He was in full possession of his mental faculties nearly to the last moment.

A Home Invention.

We have seen the model of an invention originating in the brain of our townsman Mr. L. L. Hassell of the Orange House, which gives promise of great utility and general application in the streets of towns and cities. It is a dray, the essential features of which is that the wheels are placed under the body of the dray instead of at the sides, thereby avoiding the annoyance and danger of "locking" which is of constant occurrence in crowded thoroughfares. The axles work in journals, the wheels and axles working together in a direct line, but the wheels also capable of revolving on the axle in turning, or on curved lines.

The wheels are of less diameter than ordinary, thereby not elevating the dray too much. The vehicle appears to be of light draft, and would seem to commend itself at once to general appreciation.

Mr. Hassell has also a cart, the wheels of which also work in journals. Both models are on exhibition at the State Fair.

Another Response.

The following letter from Mr. E. J. Parish explains itself. He comes forward nobly to the aid of the charity which now appeals so strongly to every sympathy. Let his generous impulse be responded to by the planters, and let the day appointed chronicle the biggest sale ever made in Durham.

DURHAM, N. C., Oct. 8th 1874.

Walter A. Thompson, Esq.

DEAR SIR, This is to notify you that I have set apart Thursday Oct. 22nd. to have a sale of tobacco, the entire proceeds of which will be turned over to you for the benefit of the Orphan Asylum, Oxford, N. C. I heartily join you in your appeals for *help* and hope the generosity that has ever characterized our people will be more liberally dispensed than ever. I hope the Planters will contribute by bringing in their tobacco for that day, remembering that all charges will be given to the Poor Orphan. Good accommodations will be given, and the highest prices paid for all Tobacco sold that day.

Very Respectfully,
E. J. PARRISH.

Protection Against Fire.

We have seen a petition in circulation, numerously signed, addressed to the Mayor and Commissioners, praying that some adequate step be taken to protect the business part of the town from the spread of fire by providing suitable ladders &c. Every now and then the fears of the people are aroused by some alarm, and then everybody is excited and awakened to provide against the recurrence of the danger.

The occasion passes by, and there is a lapse into the usual apathy and indifference. We hear no more of preparation or provision until frightened again. But the danger nevertheless still exists. No one who looks upon the combustible nature of the buildings around the Court-House square, and who remembers that all the mercantile wealth of the place is centred there, but will be amazed at this blind reliance on chance, or perhaps a more pious feeling of trust in a superintending Providence. Man has done absolutely nothing, and when the danger is upon us there is nothing in the world but mere physical force, without a single appliance of art or science to battle with the flame. Intelligence was given to us for a purpose. If we do not use it properly, we deserve all the scourges that ignorance, or neglect of our interests may bring upon us.

A single stray spark, blown from some remote chimney may involve in one general conflagration the whole of the business portion of the town,—for the fate of one house involves that of all the others; an inquisitive rat, nibbling away at a box of matches, may kindle a flame, that in the present condition of helplessness will defy all effort at control.

As a matter of economy, even supposing that sparks do not fly and rats confine themselves to grain, it is a wise policy to put the town in a condition to say, it has made some preparation against fire. The saving in rates of insurance would more than pay the assessment made for the purchase of ladders, buckets, extinguishers or whatever agency may be used. We question if insurance companies will touch much of the property here, except at such rates as to make insurance a most costly safeguard.

We hope the prayer of the petitioners will be heard and immediate action had thereon; and we invoke the business men of the town by all the regard they have for their own interests and that of others, to be up and stirring in this matter.

A truck, with its complement of ladders, buckets axes &c is all that we call for now. We will postpone the day for a steam fire engine, until some of our property holders catch the contagion of building. With the acknowledged skill and courage of the Hillsboro boys in fighting fire, we will feel safe if there is brought to their aid ladders and buckets and axes.

Don't let this subject be suffered again as has been done heretofore, to pass away, to be revived only when the besom of destruction shall have passed over your business centre, and when self-reproaches for a criminal procrastination will be too late.

Town Commissioners.

At the installation of each new Board of Town Commissioners, there is a new outpouring of hope and confidence that something will be done for the good of the town. Each old board, as it passes away, does not pass away into oblivion. The marks and scars of its neglect of duty are too plain to be overlooked, and too striking to be forgotten. But its successors come in with faith in human perfectibility still unbroken. Men fresh from the people, men whose experience of mal-administration has been so vivid, whose complaints have been so loud, might be supposed eager to show not only what ought to be done, but how to do it.

Are we to be disappointed again? Is the present Board about to lapse into the chronic torpor of its predecessors, and forget that they were selected with special reference to their energies, their business capacities, and their public spirit?

It would seem so. It is a difficult thing to get a quorum at the regular meetings. Work on the streets is suspended.

The spasmodic energy which accomplished some work on the streets is exhausted.

We are really ashamed to see a stranger come into the town. Streets washed into gullies, side walks broken and as rough as mountain paths, crossings of runs and ditches rickety and perilous, all proclaim a condition of things far from creditable to our legal guardians or to our own indifference in tolerating it.

Now these things ought not so to be. The business life of the place this fall shows that Hillsboro is all alive, and that it can bear some strain upon its resources. We are sure that there are sufficient energies here if they were properly aroused and directed. And we are sure no tax payer will grumble at that amount of expenditure which will make our streets passable, our side walks decent, and our crossings safe. These are subjects of a common interest, influencing not only the personal comfort of ourselves, but operating most directly and forcibly upon our intercourse with others. If we would make Hillsboro prosper, we must make it more attractive. We do not want visitors held here by our red mud alone. We must give them good drives and good walks, good roads and good bridges.

And all these things the Commissioners can give if they will do their duty.

Homer & Graves' school will enter a Company of about 50 cadets to compete for the prize in drill at the Fair. The Bingham School will have a Company of the same number. Col. Thomas of Charlotte will enter a Company from his school also.

For the Recorder

At a meeting of the Patrons of Husbandry of Orange County held in Hillsboro on the 7th of October for the purpose of organizing a County Council, Bro. M. L. Efland of Rose Grange moved that Bro. W. W. Guess of Durham Grange be called to the chair and Bro. Harvey Rountree be requested to act as Secretary.

On motion of Bro. Efland Bro. A. W. Graham was allowed a seat in the council. On motion of Bro. S. S. Claytor Bro. Jno. K. Hughes was appointed a committee of one to ascertain the number of Granges represented. Bro. Hughes reported.

RED MOUNTAIN GRANGE.
W. K. Parish Master
J. W. Parker N. H. Parker Jno Bowens
LITTLE RIVER GRANGE.
S. H. Jordan Master
Harvey Rountree J. W. Allison Levi Allison J. H. Wood.
PLEASANT GREEN GRANGE.
W. C. Claytor Master
Robt McCauley Jno. P. Lockhart.
NEW BETHEL GRANGE.
W. W. Latta Master
Jonathan Nichols Chas. Harris W. G. Mangum Jas M. Sneed.
DURHAM GRANGE.
M. A. Angier Master
W. W. Guess R. D. Patterson J. R. Blacknall J. W. Carlton.
CHAPEL HILL Grange.
W. F. Stroud. Master.
Rev. J. B. Martin, S. S. Claytor, Matthew Atwater, Robt. Daniel, Rev. Geo. W. Purefoy.
ENO Grange.
JOHN K. HUGHES. Master.
N. D Bain. M. L Efland, W W Allison John P Forrest, David F. Thompson.

Brother Hughes also reported that each Grange was entitled to one vote for every ten members and that each Master was allowed a vote ex-officio.

After a short discussion engaged in by Bros. Efland, S S Claytor, S H Jordan and others, Bro. S H Jordan moved that committee of three be appointed to recommend officers for this council; motion carried. Bros. S H Jordan, Rev. J B Martin, and M A Angier were appointed on said committee who after a short consultation recommended the following persons for officers.

Master, John K. Hughes, Overseer W W Guess, Lecturer S. H. Webb, Steward Harvey Rountree, Chaplain, Rev. J. B. Martin, Secretary A W Graham, Treasurer W. C Claytor, Gate Keeper J. R. Blacknall.

Bro. S. S. Claytor moved that the delegates present be permitted to cast the whole vote to which their different Granges may be entitled; carried. All the officers recommended by the committee were then elected.

Bro. Webb moved that a committee of three be appointed to draft a constitution and by-laws for the government of this Council and said committee be instructed to report at our next meeting. Bro's S. S. Claytor, Robt. Patterson and A. W. Graham were appointed on said committee.

Bro. S H Jordan moved that the next meeting of this council be held in Hillsboro on the 5th of November; carried.

Bro. M A Angier moved that M L Efland, W K Parish and S H Jordan be appointed an executive committee; carried.

On motion of Bro. S H Webb the Sec. was instructed to furnish the Hillsboro Recorder and Agricultural Journal with copies of the proceedings of this meeting with request to publish.

The meeting on motion of Bro. J R Blacknall then adjourned.

The Masters of Granges in Orange County not represented in this meeting are earnestly requested to appoint delegates to the meeting which takes place on the 5th of November. The basis of representation being one delegate to every ten members, and the Master being allowed a vote *ex officio*.

W W GUESS CH'M.
HARVEY ROUNTREE, } SEC'S.
A W GRAHAM.

Hillsboro Grange.

On Wednesday last, Master John K. Hughes organized a Grange in this place under the above title. Twenty four members were present and duly initiated.

The following officers were elected:

Master.
J D Cameron.
Overseer.
N. P. Hall.
Lecturer.
John Berry.
Steward.
J J Ward.
Assist. Steward
W J Dickson.
Chaplain.
P H Smith.
Treasurer.
N J Craig.
Secretary.
B H Bell.
Gate Keeper.
J R Whitted.
Ceres.
Miss Nannie Dickson.
Pomona.
Mrs. M J Ward.
Flora.
Miss Sallie Dickson.
Lady Assist. Steward.
Mrs. R H Strayhorn.

committed.

A young negro Anderson Woods was committed to jail here last week, charged with knocking another negro in the head with an axe helve, in a row which occurred near Cedar Grove. The wounded negro, Willis Cooper, had his skull broken and at last accounts was lying in a very critical condition.

EAGLE LODGE No. 71 A. Y. M.

Hillsborough Sept 30th 1874

Whereas, it has pleased our Heavenly Father to remove from our midst and exalt to membership in the Celestial Lodge above our honored brother Stephen T Forrest, who was for years Treasurer of this Lodge.

Therefore, Resolved, that in the death of our beloved brother, the country has lost an upright and useful citizen, his church a bright and shining light, and Masonry one of her truest and most zealous members,—a man in the prime of his usefulness to his country—true to his God—and faithful in all things to his brethren. We can but mourn the removal of such a man from our midst, but humbly and reverently bow to the decree which we confidently believe transfers him to a blissful immortality.

Resolved that we will ever revere his memory as one who was a devoted husband, a fond and judicious parent, an humble and devout christian, and a good man.

Resolved that we extend to his family our sincere and heartfelt sympathy in their bereavement, and affectionately remind them, that the order which he adorned in life, is the friend and protector of the widow and the orphan.

Resolved that a copy of these resolutions be forwarded by the secretary to the family of our deceased brother, and a copy sent to the Hillsboro Recorder, with a request that they be published.

THOMAS C. HAYES
JAMES PARRIS } Com.
J. M. BLACKWOOD Sec.

Died

At the residence of Mr. T. C. Ellis, at Cedar Grove, on Friday last, Mrs. Cox, relict of Charles Cox dec'd. In the 84th year of her age.

A Change of Schedule.

HAVING purchased the interest of SNEAD & CO., in the

STOCK OF GOODS

At Latimer's old stand in Hillsboro, I beg leave to inform my friends and the public generally, that I will continue the

Mercantile Business

at the same place, and by strict attention to business, and FAIR DEALING hope to share a portion of public patronage. Having purchased at a *REDUCED PRICE*, I will sell at greatly reduced prices for C A S H.

I will in a few days replenish the STOCK with

NEW AND STAPLE GOODS

And endeavor to keep on hand a line of GOODS suitable to the trade.

I intend that

MY PRICES

shall compare with any house in the place, and will endeavor to make it to the interest of my friends and customers to trade with me.

I shall confine myself strictly to the

Cash System,

Though

GOOD BARTER

AT

CASH PRICES

Will be taken in exchange for Goods.

Come and try me, I will do you right.

J. M. BLACKWOOD

P. S. Those having accounts with the firm of Sneed & Co., are requested to call and settle without delay. J. M. BLACKWOOD,
Oct. 7 4t. Agent.

OUR FAVORITE FLOUR

IS made from Western Winter Wheat and is the finest ever put up.
Barrels, Half Barrels and Bags
Sold only by
CHAS. D. MYERS & Co.

GRAHAM AND RYE FLOUR,
CHAS. D. MYERS & CO.,
5 and 7 North Front St.

100 BOXES EXTRA CREAM CHEESE
50 " DAIRY CHEESE at 12½ Cents
—A good cutting Cheese.
CHAS. D. MYERS & CO.
oct. 4 7 North Front Street.

North Carolina, } *Superior Court.*
ORANGE COUNTY.

Henry S. Markham and others—Plaintiffs
against.
William H Markham, George D Markham, Isaiah M Markham, John Markham, Martin L. Markham and Charles Markham—Defendants.
Heirs of George Markham.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that the defendants above named heirs of George Markham deceased are non-residents of the State of N. C: It is therefore ordered that publication be made in the Hillsboro Recorder a newspaper published in the town of Hillsboro, N. C. for six successive weeks notifying the said Defendants of the filing of this petition and that unless they appear, plead answer, or demur to the complaint which is filed in the Clerks office within that time the Plaintiffs will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

Witness George Laws, Clerk Superior Court Orange County at Office in Hillsboro, this 14th day of October A D 1874.

GEORGE LAWS, Clerk
Oct. 14th 6w. Superior Court.

NEW FALL
AND
WINTER GOODS.

WE are now receiving the LARGEST and best selected

Stock of Goods

Ever offered in this market, which will be sold

VERY LOW.

Be sure to come and look at them before buying or you will miss a

Bargain.

James Webb, Jr.

Sept. 1m.

"SHORT SETTLEMENTS MAKE LONG FRIENDS."

I HAVE on my BOOKS since 1861, many open accounts. Under present circumstances, it would be a great help to receive what is due me. You know if you are in debt to me. *PLEASE CALL AND SETTLE.*

Am receiving

NEW GOODS

Daily, and expect a continuation of the very liberal patronage extended. Now is the time to HELP ONE who has always HELPED those in NEED.

HENRY N. BROWN.

sept. 16 1874.

S. P. WILLIAMSON, W. H. UPCHURCH, J. L. THOMAS

Williamson, Upchurch & Thomas.

33 Fayetteville Street,
RALEIGH, N. C.
WHOLESALE

Grocers, Cotton Factors
AND
General Commission Merchants.

WE are now receiving
200 Rolls heavy Cotton Bagging,
50 Bales Gunny Bagging,
2000 Yards Dundee Cotton Bagging,
1200 Bundles Cotton Ties,
1000 Pounds Bagging Twine,
And a general Stock of heavy

Groceries.

☞ We sell Cotton for Fifty cents per Bale Commission.

REFER TO
W. F. Stroud, Chapel Hill,
J. W Cheek, Durham.
Sept. 16th 6m.

Oak City Mills,
RALEIGH, N. C.

WANTED for these Mills,
10,000 Bushels White Corn,
1,000 " Rye,
1,000 " Oats,
WILLIAMSON U PCHURCH & THOMAS.
sept 16 6m. Agents for Oak City Mills.

THEODORICK A. WILLIAMS. JOHN N. WILLIAMS.
W. C. DICKSON.

T. A. WILLIAMS & CO.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS
AND
Commission Merchants,

Nos. 2 and 4 Roanoke Square,
corner Roanoke Dock,
aug. 26 1y. NORFOLK, VA.

BUY YOUR DRY GOODS FROM
PETER SMITH,
The Leader of Low Prices,
IMPORTER, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
DEALER IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC
DRY GOODS.
NO. 156 Main Street.
march 11 12m. NORFOLK, Va.

W J BAKER, J B NEAL, W B SHEPARD,
Baker, Neal & Shepard,
COTTON FACTORS
AND
General Commission Merchants,
NORFOLK, VA.

Agents for PATAPSCO GUANO.
Aug. 26.

State of North-Carolina,

Superior Court—ORANGE COUNTY.

Chaney Caldwell and the Children of William Caldwell by his present wife by Wilson Caldwell their next friend.
against.
William J. Watson, Jesse W. Henderson and Mary V. Henderson.
Summons for Relief.

THE STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA:
To the Sheriff of Orange County greeting:

YOU are hereby commanded to summons William J. Watson, Jesse M. Henderson and Mary V. Henderson the Defendants above named, if they be found within your county, to be and appear before the Judge of our Superior Court, at a Court to be held for the County of Orange at the Court House in Hillsboro on the 4th Monday after the 1st Monday of September 1874 and answer the Complaint which is deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court for said County, and let said Defendants take notice that if they fail to answer the said complaint within that Term, the Plaintiffs will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the Complaint.

Hereof fail not, and of this Summons make due return.

Given under my hand and seal of said Court, this the 21st day of September, 1874.

GEORGE LAWS,
Clerk of Superior Court
sept 23 6w p ad. $10 for Orange County.

NATIONAL HOTEL,
COR. MAIN AND CHURCH STS.,
NORFOLK, VA.
HOLT & BRO., Prop'S.
Board, per day. $2.50.

JOHN W. GRAHAM. JAMES A. GRAHAM.
Hillsboro, N. C. Graham, N. C.
GRAHAM & GRAHAM.
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.
WILL practice in Superior Courts of Orange and Alamance, and adjoining Counties. Also, in Supreme Court of the State and Federal Courts. Nov. 1. 1872.

☞ THE LAST REDUCTION OF THE SEASON.

No further changes in prices will be made, so delay not, but make your purchases at once.
Japanese Poplins at 12½, 15, 16⅔, 20, 25, and 30—all just about half their value;
Black Ground Colored-Striped Grenadines at 15c per yard worth 20c;
Black Ground Grenadines with colored silk stripes at 12½c. per yard, would be cheap at 25c.
Sideband Grass-cloth Suitings at 20c per yard worth 30c.
Striped Chinese Grass-cloth at 15c worth 20c per yard.
Lenos at 12½c per yard worth 25c;
Striped Silk at 85, 90c, and $1 per yard—all bargains;
Black Silks from $1 to $1.50 per yard;
Linen Batiste for Dresses at 25c. worth 35c. per yard;
Black Grenadines from 50c. to $1.25 per yard.
Colored Iron Grenadines, all wool, at 40c. worth 75c per yard;
Lancaster and Pacific Printed Cambricks at 12½ cents per yard;
The best Printed Percales at 20c. per yard;
Fast-colored Lawns at 12½c per yard;
The latest style Side Band Lawns and Colicoes;
Pillow case Cotton, 42 inches wide, at 18c. per yard;
Pillow-case Cotton, 40 inches wide, at 16⅔c worth 20c;
Full-Width Unbleached Sheeting at 28c. per yard worth 35;
Full-Width Bleached Sheeting at 33c. per yard, worth 40c;
Full-Width Bleached Linen Sheeting at 85c. per yard, worth $1;
Pillow-case Linen, 1¼ yards wide, at 60c. worth 75c. per yard;
English Cheviot Shirting at 20c. per yard, worth 35c;
Domestic Ginghams at 10c. 12½c. 15c. and 16⅔c per yard;
Bed Tick from 10 to 35c. per yard;
Linen Drilling and Duck from 16⅔c. to 50c per yard;
Ladies' Ready-Made Suits from $3 to $25;
Ready-Made Chemises, Night Gowns, Dressing Sacques, Corset Covers, and Aprons, at astonishingly low prices;
Infants' Embroidered Robes from $3 to $10;
Huckaback Towels from $1.50 to $12 per dozen;
Towelling from 10c to 35c. per yard;
Table-Cloths and Table Damask in all qualities at prices to suit all;
All Wool Table Covers at $1 worth $1.50;
Piano-Covers in great variety—all at popular prices;
Linen Duck Suits at 40c, 60c 75c and $1, $1.25, and $1.50.
Autograph Fans at 10c. worth 25.
Lace Shawls, Lace Sacques, and Shetland Shawls in great variety;
A full assortment of MOURNING GOODS;
Matting in all widths and qualities;
Oil-cloths, Rugs, Mats, and Window Shades;
Violet Lavender and Cologne water. Also Handkerchief Extracts & Soaps in great variety;
Sewing Machine Needles at 4c. and 5oc. for a paper of ten needles;
The best Sewing Machine Oil at 15c. per bottle;
Clark's and Coat's Spool-cotton at 70c. per doz. or 6c. per spool;
Sewing Machine Attachments, $1 per box;
Toof's Improved Ruffler, $2, regular price $3;
Goodrich Tuck Markers, $2, regular price $2.50;
Cotton Yarns, all Nos. from 4 to 12, at $1.40 per bunch of five pounds;
Unbleached Knitting Cotton, three, four and five stands at 45c per pound;
Pique Trimmings at 25 and 50c apiece worth double that money;
Cotton Trimming Edgings at 15, 25, 35, 40 and 50c for a piece of 12 yards worth 5 to 10c. per yard;
Printed Frilled Collars and cuffs at 15c for the set worth 50c;
Ladies' Linen Collars at $1 per dozen worth $2;
Initial Note Paper, at 15, 20 and 25c per box, worth 25, 30 and 40c;
Laces and Embroideries, in great variety, at low prices;
Every description of
Cambrics, Muslins, Lawns, Nainsooks, Brilliantes, and Long Cloths,
at very low prices;
3,500 SHIRT BOSOMS, slightly stained, at 20c.; worth 30c;
Ruffles, Ruds, Collars, Sleeves and Cuffs in great variety;
Dress Trimmings of every description;
Jet Breast Pins, Ear Rings, Bracelets, Necklace, Sleeve and Collar Buttons.
And thousands of other articles, all to be sold at exceedingly low prices for cash only.
Particular attention paid to orders. Goods sent by express C. O. D., or upon receipt of cash or its equivalent. As ours is strictly a one price institution, those who favor us with their patronage may rely upon getting their goods at the lowest prices.

LEVY BROTHERS',
1017 and 1019 Main street,
July 29 RICHMOND, VA.

MEDICAL CARD.
GEORGE W. LONG, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon!
sept. 23. GRAHAM, N. C.

Administrator's Notice.

THE undersigned having qualified as Administrator of STEPHEN T. FORREST, dec'd, hereby gives notice, to all persons indebted to the estate to make immediate payment. Claims against the estate must be duly authenticated and presented within the time prescribed by law, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery.

☞ Special Notice to Creditors and Debtors of the estate. You are requested to meet me in Hillsboro, the 2nd Saturday in October 1874.

STEPHEN T. FORREST.
sep. 23 4t. *Adm'r.*

TAX NOTICE.

TAKE notice that I will be present with the tax books at the following times and places:

At
Durham, Tuesday and Wednesday Oct. 6th & 7th
Chapel Hill, Thursday and Friday " 8th & 9th
Cedar Grove, Monday " 12th
Mangum's store, Tuesday " 13th
Orange Factory, Wednesday, " 21st.
Cates' store, Friday " 23rd.

All those indebted will please be prompt in payment.

I am compelled to settle.

T. H. HOGGINS,
sept. 23 3t. *Sheriff.*

☞ Tobacco Plant copy three times.

T. J. WILSON, M. D.,
Physician and Surgeon.
OFFICE and Residence, opposite Mrs. Ruffin's. Where he can always be found except when absent Professionally.
Jan. 12 '74 1y.

Hillsborough Recorder.

WEDNESDAY.....OCT. 14, 1874.

THE RECORDER.

IS PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY, BY

J. D. CAMERON.

At $2 00 per annum, or $1 00 for six months—invariably in advance.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

Advertisements conspicuously inserted at $1 a square for the first insertion and 50 cents a square for each additional week. Ten lines or less make a square.

TERMS BY SPECIAL CONTRACT:

1 square	3 months	$5—6 months	$8—12 months	$13
2 "	3 "	$10—6 "	$18—12 "	$25
3 "	3 "	$15—6 "	$30—12 "	$50
Half column	3 months	$20—6 mo.	$30—12 mo.	$45
1 column	3 months	$30—6 mo.	$70—12 mo.	$100

COUSIN SALLY DILLARD OUT-DONE.

The Scene reported below occurred some years ago before the Circuit Court of Pittsylvania County, Va; in the case of Commonwealth vs. Cassaday on a charge of malicious stabbing.

The venire being empanelled and the jury solemnly charged by the Clerk, the Commonwealth's Attorney called, in support of the indictment, the witness, Buck Bryant, who being solemnly sworn the truth to tell, testified as follows:

Question by the Commonwealth's Attorney.—Tell all you know about the cutting of the prosecutor by Cassady, the prisoner at the bar?

Answer.—Well, gentlemanly, it was election day.—'twas a dark, cloudy wet sort of a drizzly day, and says I to my old woman, I believe I'll go down to Ringgold and 'posit my vote. And says my old woman to me, well, Buck, as it is a sort of dark, cloudy, wet sort of a drizzly day, says she hadn't you better take your umbrill; says I to the old woman, I spect I had better take the umbrill. So I took the umbrill and advanced on down towards Ringgold, and when I got down thar Mr. Cole comed and says he, Uncle Buck, have you seed anything of neighbor Harris? Says I to Mr. Cole, for why? Says he, he's got my umbrill. The witness was here interrupted by the court and told to confine himself to the actual fray between the prisoner and Cole, the prosecutor. In answer to this the witness remarked in a tone of indignant remonstrance, well now Mr Judge you hold on for I am sworn to tell the truth, and I'm gwine to tell it my own way—so taint white for you to say nothing about it." Whereupon the Commonwealth's Attorney being anxious to get rid of the witness upon any terms told him to go on and tell the tale his own way. 'Well, as I was going on to say, 'twas on election day, Buckanan and Filmo was running for the Legislature and says I to my old woman, old woman I believe I'll go down to Ringgold and 'posit my vote. Says my old woman to me, says she, Buck, as it is a sort of a dark, rainy, drizzly sort of a dark, rainy, drizzly sort of a day, hadn't you better take your umbrill? says she. Says I to the old woman, says I, I spect I had better take my umbrill, so I tuck the umbrill and advanced on towards Ringgold until I arriv thar. Well the first thing I did when I got thar was to take a drink of Buckanan Whiskey, which was monstrous good, and says I to myself, says I, Old Hoss you feel better now, don't you? And while I was advancing around, Mr. Cole, he came to me: says he, uncle Buck, says he, have you seen anything of old neighbor Harris? Says I, for why? Says he, the old cock has got my umbrill. After while I 'posited my vote and then Mr Cole and me advanced back towards home, and Mr. Cole was tighter than I ever seed him. And so we advanced along till we got to whar the road and the path forked and Mr. Cole and me tuck the path, as any other gentleman would, and arter advancing awhile we arriv to old neighbor Harris setten on a log with the umbril on his arm, and about that time Elijah Cassiday (the prisoner) comed up and we advanced on till we arriv at Elijah's house. Elijah is my neffew and likewise son-in-law. He married my darter Jane, which is next to my darter Sally. Arter we had advanced to Elijah's house, we stood in the yard awhile a jawing, and presently two somebody's rid up on a horse, which was Jonnston before and Whitfield Cassiday behind; Whitfield and Kiah Cassiday being the same, Elijah and Kiah is brothers, both born in the nat'ral way like anybody else's brothers, no gals between 'em and both of them is about the same age, especially Kiah, which are the youngest. Kiah war drunk and he and Mr. Cole got to cussin one another about politix and I advanced in the house whar was Elijah's wife, which is my darter Jane, which is next to my darter Sally.—Well, arter jawing awhile with 'em, my little neffew, says he to me, says he, Uncle Buck let's go home. Says I, good pop, so we pegged out together, and I heard somebody a callin' me but never attended 'em nor advanced back.—Well, I got home and was eating my supper and Elijah, which is my son-in-law, and married my darter Jane, which is next to my darter Sally, arriv and says to me, Uncle Buck, says he, I've killed a man Says I, this hell you have, And that's all I know about the stabbing, for I warn't thare!"—*Danville Register.*

A colored sister in Georgia was so overcome with religious enthusiasm that in a moment of absent-minded frenzy she took a bow from the dress of an adjacent worshipper, and slipped it into her pocket. And thus the spirit moves them.

84 PER CENT. GUARANTEED WITH 87 HORSE POWER. 1874 TURBINE

WATER WHEEL

The best in the World. Warranted to Run Steadier and Gain more Power with less Water than any other Wheel. Send for Pamphlet. P. DUBOIS & SON, York, Pa.

BETHAL ACADEMY,

The largest male boarding school in Va., prepares youths for business or for the Va. Universities, by which it is endorsed; affords facilities for learning *Practical Surveying, Book-Keeping and Telegraphy*, and has an introductory course of *Law*. Its students are offered *Perks Scholarships* in the Univ. of Va. the Washington Lee Univ. and the Va. Mil. Institute. $87.50 for *Board and Tuition* for half session of 20 weeks. No Extras. For Catalogue, &c., address Principals, Bethel Academy P. O. Fauquier Co., Va.

START IN LIFE.

BRYANT, STRATTON & SADDLER BUSINESS COLLEGE.

No Vocation—Enter any Time.

For Documents, Money, Specimens, Patrons and Terms, address,

WM. H. SADLER, Baltimore.

WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY

SCHOOL OF MEDICINE,

BALTIMORE, MD

The next annual Session will begin October 1, 1874, and end February 25th, 1875. The Hospital and General and Special dispensaries furnish ample material for Clinical Instruction. For Catalogue, with information as to Plan of Instruction, Fees, cost of living, &c., address

J. E. LINDSAY, M. D., Dean.

SNELL, SPARE & CO.

MANUFACTURERS OF

Side and End Spring No Top Buggies,
Top Buggies, Turn-out-Seat Buggies,
Phaetons, Two Seat Wagons, Cabriolets,
Barouches, Rockaways, &c. &c

NEW HAVEN, CONN.

Send for Catalogue and Price List.

OPIUM,

MORPHINE HABIT speedily cured by Dr. BECK'S only known and Sure Remedy. *No Charge* for treatment until cured. Call on or address

DR. J. C. BECK.
Cincinnati, O.

$5 to $20 per day at home. Terms free. Address, GEO STINSON & CO., Portland, Me.

$77 A WEEK guaranteed to Male and Female Agents, in their locality. Costs NOTHING to try it. Particulars free. P. O VICKERY & CO., Augusta, Me.

TALBOTT & SONS,

(Successors to TALBOTT & BROTHER.)

Shockoe Machine Works,

CORNER CARY AND 17th STS.,
RICHMOND, VA.

MANUFACTURERS OF

PORTABLE AND STATIONARY

STEAM ENGINES.

CIRCULAR Saw and Grist Mills; Hydraulic Presses, and all kinds of Tobacco Fixtures, Wrought Iron Works, Brass and Iron Castings, Machinery of every description, &c.

Sept 9th 1y.

OLD DOMINION

PRICE Forty Dollars.

CIDER AND WINE MILL.

THIS is the best PORTABLE CIDER MILL ever offered in this market.

The peculiarity of the grinding rollers is such that the apple is thoroughly crushed, and a larger quantity of cider can be obtained from the same amount of apples than by the use of any other *PORTABLE MILL.*

TO THE

AGRICULTURAL TRADE

throughout the South we would say, that if you want a MILL which, under any and all circumstances, will give your customs entire satisfaction in all respects—rapidity of work, ease of motion, and thorough extraction of all the juice in the apple—buy the

OLD DOMINION.

We have also in store a large stock of Farm and Freight Wagons,
Lever and Chain Hay Presses,
Baling Wire, Manilla Rope.
Hay and Grain Scales,
and Agricultural Implements of every kind and endless variety.

Large illustrated catalogues sent to any address giving description and price of our manufactures.

H. M. SMITH & CO.
Manufactures,
P. O. Box, 8. Richmond, Va.
august 12.

GEORGE PACE & CO.,

Manufacturers of

PATENT PORTABLE CIRCULAR

SAW MILLS,

ALSO STATIONARY & PORTABLE

STEAM ENGINES,

No. 5 N. Schroeder st.

BALTIMORE, MD.

Grist Mills, Leffel's Turbine Water Wheels, Wood Working Machinery of all Kinds, and Machinists' Supplies.

SEND FOR CATALOGUES.

Dr. D. A. Robertson,

Surgeon Dentist,

Office over C. M. Parks' store.

WILL visit Chapel Hill on the Fourth Monday of every month.

Having moved to Greensboro, he will return and spend the fourth week of each month at his office in Hillsboro, and will remain the following week if necessary.

My office in Hillsboro, will be kept open, by Dr MARSHALL CAMERON, who is competent to perform all operations. Jan. 1

THE BANK OF MECKLENBURG,

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

Authorized Capital $500,000.

JAS. TURNER TATE, President.
THOS. W. DEWEY, Cashier.
F. H. DEWEY, Ass't. Cashier.

AT THE BANKING HOUSE OF

TATE & DEWEY.

THIS Bank Chartered under Act of the General Assembly, and duly organized under laws of the State of North Carolina, with ample means, is prepared to transact

GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.

and furnish accommodations to all Customers on

LIBERAL TERMS.

The Bank will receive Deposits subject to check and will

Allow Interest According to Agreement,

on all Deposits left on time, or Issue Certificates of Deposit bearing interest at the rate of

Eight per Cent per Annum,

on all sums lying undrawn over thirty days.

Gold and Silver Coin, Bullion and old Bank Notes Bought and Sold.

THOS. W. DEWEY,
Jan 1874.1y. Cashier.

J E SCHOOLFIELD, & Co.

DEALERS IN

HARDWARE, CUTLERY,

Cooking Stoves. Wagon and Buggy Material.

DANVILLE, VA.

Peytons old stand opposite Hickson and Tyack. Jan. 8 '74. 1y.

WILLIAM R. PUGH,

Gen. Commission Merchant

FOR THE SALE OF

Leaf-Tobacco Wheat Flour &c.

1303 Cary Street, Columbian Block,

RICHMOND, VA.

[Established in 1854.] March 4 6m

OSWEGO

SILVER GLOSS STARCH,

For the Laundry.

MANUFACTURED BY

T. KINGSFORD & SON.

HAS BECOME A

HOUSEHOLD NECESSITY.

Its great excellence has merited the commendation of Europe for American Manufacture.

PULVERIZED CORN STARCH

PREPARED BY

T. KINGSFORD & SON,

Expressly for food, when it is properly made into Puddings, is a desert of great excellence.

For Sale by all First-class Grocers.
aug. 19.

W. E. ANDERSON, President. F. A. WILEY, Cashier.

Citizens' National Bank

OF

RALEIGH, N. C.

Authorized Capital, ... *$500,000.*

DEAL IN

Government and other Securities.

Nov. 14. 6m

John Armstrong.

No. 1 Fayetteville Street,

Raleigh, N. C.

BOOK BINDER

AND

Blank Book Manufacturer.

NEWSPAPERS, Magazines and Law Books of every description bound in the very best Style and at Lowest Prices. jan 7 1y.

$15.00.

Is It Possible

THAT

L. J. EMMETT & Co.,

OFFER to sell a Good FAMILY SEWING MACHINE, (that will do as fine and as wide a range of work as any machine in the market,) with FULL TABLE Treadle and Black Walnut Top, oil finished. All for FIFTEEN DOLLARS? It is not only possible, but a fact. If you are doubtful of it, send for a Circular, Price List, &c.

The Manufacturers do not hesitate to challenge the world to produce a better, or even as good a machine for the money.

Extra Inducements offered Agents to sell the wonderful INVENTION, the

"*Eureka Sewing Machine*"

and table for $15. $5 000 a year income guaranteed by us to those smart and active.

Send for sample Sewing Illustrated Circular, containing cuts of MACHINE and TABLE, with full particulars, to

L. J. EMMETT & CO., Gen'l Ag'ts.,
Brooklyn, N. Y. Box 14.

Principal Office, Fulton St., Brooklyn.

Please state what paper you saw this advertisement in.

$15.00.

A Eureka Sewing Machine with Table for Greatest Wonder of the 19th Century for

$10 to $20 per day. Agents want'd everywhere. Particulars free. A. H. BLAIR, & Co., St. Louis, Mo

R. R. R.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

CURES THE WORST PAINS

In from One to Twenty Minutes.

NOT ONE HOUR

after you read this advertisement need any one SUFFER WITH PAIN.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF IS A CURE FOR EVERY PAIN

It was the first and is

The Only Pain Remedy

that instantly stops the most excruciating pains, allays inflammations, and cures Congestions, whether of the Lungs, Stomach, Bowels, or other glands or organs, by one application.

IN FROM ONE TO TWENTY MINUTES,

no matter how violent or excruciating the pain the RHEUMATIC, Bed ridden, Infirm, Crippled, Nervous, Neuralgic, or prostrated with disease may suffer.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

WILL AFFORD INSTANT EASE.

INFLAMMATION OF THE KIDNEYS,
INFLAMMATION OF THE BLADDER,
INFLAMMATION OF THE BOWELS,
CONGESTION OF THE LUNGS,
SORE THROAT, DIFFICULT BREATHING,
PALPITATION OF THE HEART,
HYSTERICS, CROUP, DIPTHERIA,
CATARRH, INFLUENZA,
HEADACHE, TOOTHACHE,
NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM,
COLD CHILLS, AGUE & MALARIA.

The application of the Ready Relief to the part or parts where the pain or difficulty exists will afford ease and Comfort.

Twenty drops in half a tumbler of water will in a few moments cure CRAMPS, SPASMS, SOUR STOMACH, HEARTBURN, SICK HEADACHE, DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, COLIC, WIND IN THE BOWELS, and all INTERNAL PAINS.

Travellers should always carry a bottle of Radway's Ready Relief with them. A few drops in water will prevent sickness or pains from change of water. It is better than French Brandy or Bitters as a stimulant.

FEVER AND AGUE.

FEVER AND AGUE cured for fifty cents. There is not a remedial agent in this world that will cure Fever and Ague, and all other Malarious, Bilious, Scarlet, Typhoid, Yellow, and other Fevers (aided by RADWAY'S PILLS) so quick as RADWAY'S READY RELIEF. Fifty cents per bottle.

HEALTH! BEAUTY!!

STRONG AND PURE RICH BLOOD—INCREASE OF FLESH AND WEIGHT—CLEAR SKIN AND BEAUTIFUL COMPLEXION SECURED TO ALL.

DR. RADWAY'S

Sarsaparillian Resolvent

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER.

HAS MADE THE MOST ASTONISHING CURES; SO QUICK, SO RAPID ARE THE CHANGES, THE GOOD SYMPTOMS ARISE, THE INFLUENCE OF THIS TRULY WONDERFUL MEDICINE, THAT

Every Day an Increase in Flesh and Weight is Seen and Felt.

Every drop of the SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT permeates through the Blood, Sweat, Urine, and other Fluids and Tissues of the system the vital principles of which are wasting away. Scrofula, Syphilis, Consumption, Glandular diseases, Ulcers in the throat, Mouth, Tumors, Boils in the Stomach and other parts of the system, Blotches, Eruptions, Sores, Pimples, Pustules, Blains, Carbuncles, Ring-worms, Scald-head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, Scurfs, Discolorations of the Skin, Humors, and all those morbid and impure discharges, Night Sweats, Loss of Sperm, and all wastes of the life principle, are within the curative power of this wonder of Modern Chemistry, and a few days use of it will prove to any person using it for either of these forms of disease its potency and power.

If the patient, daily becoming reduced by the wastes and decomposition that is continually progressing, resulting from Impure Blood, or the depraved state of the fluids, from any of the causes enumerated in this book, will use the SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT, according to directions, a cure is certain; for it is a fact, well known to many, that when the vital principles become so far wasted away, or deficiency of the blood or loss of wastes, its repairs will be rapid, and every day the patient will feel himself growing better and stronger, the blood depurating better, appetite improving, and flesh and weight increasing.

Not only does the SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT excel all known remedial agents in the cure of Chronic, Scrofulous, Constitutional, and skin diseases, but it is the only positive cure for

Kidney & Bladder Complaints,

Urinary and Womb Diseases, Gravel, Diabetes, Dropsy, Stoppage of Water, Incontinence of Urine, Bright's disease, Albuminuria, and in all cases where there is a brick dust deposite, or the water is thick, cloudy, mixed with albuminous like the white of an egg, or threads like white silk, or there is a morbid, dark, bilious appearance, and the bottom of the vessel is covered with a sediment, or there is a pricking, burning sensation when passing the water, and pain in the small of the back and along the Loins.

Tumor of 12 Years' Growth Cured by Radway's Resolvent.

DR. RADWAY'S

Perfect Purgative & Regulating Pills

perfectly tasteless, elegantly coated with sweet gum, purge, regulate, purify, cleanse and strengthen. Radway's Pills, for the cure of all disorders of the stomach, liver, bowels, kidneys, bladder, nervous diseases, headache, constipation, costiveness, indigestion, dyspepsia, biliousness, bilious fever, inflammation of the bowels, piles, and all derangements of the internal viscera. Warranted to effect a positive and radical cure. Purely Vegetable, containing no mercury, minerals or deleterious drugs.

A few doses of RADWAY'S PILLS will free the system from all the above named disorders. Price, 25 cents per box. SOLD BY DRUGGISTS.

READ "FALSE AND TRUE." Send one letter stamp to RADWAY & CO., No. 32 Warren St., New York. Information worth thousands will be sent you.

RALEIGH NATIONAL BANK

OF

NORTH CAROLINA.

Paid in Capital $500,000.

Designated Depository of the United States and Financial Agent.

W. H. WILLARD, President.
C. DEWEY, Cashier.

Make collections in any part of the country at low rates.

DIRECTORS:

C. Dewey, W. H. Willard, A. S. Merrimon, H. S. Tucker, W. J. Hawkins, A. G. Lee, W. G. Upchurch

Nov. 25th 1873 1y.

THE NORTH CAROLINA MANUAL.

PUBLISHED by authority and under the auspices of the General Assembly, will now soon be issued under the direction of the Secretary of State; the material for which has been collected and prepared by John H. Wheeler, Esq.

It presents in condensed form the dates and events of the State, from the earliest period of its history to the present day, and the names of those whether in the Executive, Judicial or Legislative Departments, who have done the State some service; with valuable Statistical and Chronological tables connected with the State and Federal Government, which will be found useful as a hand book of reference to all public men, and men of business.

The price of the book is $2.00, bound in cloth. When sent by mail postage to be added.

Agents are wanted in every county of the State to sell this book.

Editors copying this advertisement and sending a copy of the paper to me, will have a copy of the book sent to them.

Address, ALFRED WILLIAMS,
Bookseller.
jan 19. Raleigh, N C

$72 EACH WEEK.

AGENTS wanted every where. Business strictly legitimate. Particulars free. Address, J. Worth & Co., St. Louis, Mo.

T. J. WILSON, M. D.,

Physician and Surgeon.

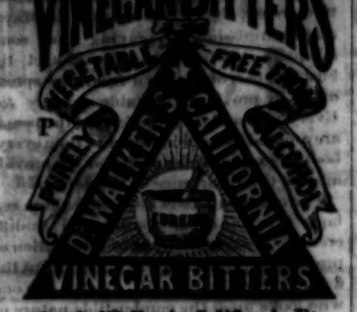
OFFICE and Residence, opposite Mrs. Ruffin's. Where he can always be found except when absent Professionally.

Jan. 12 '71 1y.

VINEGAR BITTERS

PURELY VEGETABLE FREE FROM ALCOHOL

DR. WALKER'S CALIFORNIA



VINEGAR BITTERS

Dr. J. Walker's California Vinegar Bitters are a purely Vegetable preparation, made chiefly from the native herbs found on the lower ranges of the Sierra Nevada mountains of California, the medicinal properties of which are extracted therefrom without the use of Alcohol. The question is almost daily asked, "What is the cause of the unparalleled success of VINEGAR BITTERS?" Our answer is, that they remove the cause of disease, and the patient recovers his health. They are the great blood purifier and a life-giving principle, a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the system. Never before in the history of the world has a medicine been compounded possessing the remarkable qualities of VINEGAR BITTERS in healing the sick of every disease man is heir to. They are a gentle Purgative as well as a Tonic, relieving Congestion or Inflammation of the Liver and Visceral Organs in Bilious Diseases.

The properties of DR. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS are Aperient, Diaphoretic, Carminative, Nutritious, Laxative, Diuretic, Sedative, Counter-Irritant, Sedorific, Alterative, and Anti-Bilious.

Grateful Thousands proclaim VINEGAR BITTERS the most wonderful Invigorant that ever sustained the sinking system.

No Person can take these Bitters according to directions, and remain long unwell, provided their bones are not destroyed by mineral poison or other means, and vital organs wasted beyond repair.

Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, which are so prevalent in the valleys of our great rivers throughout the United States, especially those of the Mississippi, Ohio, Missouri, Illinois, Tennessee, Cumberland, Arkansas, Red, Colorado, Brazos, Rio Grande, Pearl, Alabama, Mobile, Savannah, Roanoke, James, and many others, with their vast tributaries, throughout our entire country during the Summer and Autumn, and remarkably so during seasons of unusual heat and dryness, are invariably accompanied by extensive derangements of the stomach and liver, and other abdominal viscera. In their treatment, a purgative, exerting a powerful influence upon these various organs, is essentially necessary. There is no cathartic for the purpose equal to DR. J. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS, as they will speedily remove the dark-colored viscid matter with which the bowels are loaded, at the same time stimulating the secretions of the liver, and generally restoring the healthy functions of the digestive organs.

Fortify the body against disease by purifying all its fluids with VINEGAR BITTERS. No epidemic can take hold of a system thus fore-armed.

Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the region of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms, are the offsprings of Dyspepsia. One bottle will prove a better guarantee of its merits than a lengthy advertisement.

Scrofula, or King's Evil, White Swellings, Ulcers, Erysipelas, Swelled Neck, Goitre, Scrofulous Inflammations, Indolent Inflammations, Mercurial Affections, Old Sores, Eruptions of the Skin, Sore Eyes, etc. In these, as in all other constitutional Diseases, WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS have shown their great curative powers in the most obstinate and intractable cases.

For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism, Gout, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys and Bladder, these Bitters have no equal. Such Diseases are caused by Vitiated Blood.

Mechanical Diseases.—Persons engaged in Paints and Minerals, such as Plumbers, Type-setters, Gold-beaters, and Miners, as they advance in life, are subject to paralysis of the Bowels. To guard against this, take a dose of WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS occasionally.

For Skin Diseases, Eruptions, Tetter, Salt-Rheum, Blotches, Spots, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ring-worms, Scald-head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, Scurfs, Discolorations of the Skin, Humors and Diseases of the Skin of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of these Bitters.

Pin, Tape, and other Worms, lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed. No system of medicine, no vermifuges, no anthelmintics will free the system from worms like these Bitters.

For Female Complaints, in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood, or the turn of life, these Tonic Bitters display so decided an influence that improvement is soon perceptible.

Cleanse the Vitiated Blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions, or Sores; cleanse it when you find it obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul; your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure, and the health of the system will follow.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.
Druggists and Gen. Agts., San Francisco, California, and cor. of Washington and Charlton Sts., N. Y.
Sold by all Druggists and Dealers.

CLOVER HOTEL.

Important to Travelers.

THE Clover Hotel, situated on the Richmond and Danville Railroad, is in every respect a *FIRST CLASS HOTEL!*

THE TABLE will at all times be supplied with the best the Market affords.

The Hungry Traveler can always rely on getting a GOOD MEAL. And ample time given to enjoy the same. E. M. HAWKINS,
march 4. Proprietor.

THE

The North Carolina Home

INSURANCE CO.

OF

RALEIGH, N. C.

Insures Dwellings, Stores, Merchandise AND

All Classes of Insurable Property,

AGAINST

Loss or Damage by Fire, on the most Favorable Terms.

ITS Stockholders are gentlemen interested in building up North Carolina local interests, and many there are many of the prominent business and financial men of the state.

All Losses Promptly Adjusted and Paid.

This Company has, already, during the three years of its existence, paid a large amount of Losses, yet its assets are steadily increasing.

It appeals with confidence to the Insurers of Property in North Carolina.

Encourage Home Institutions.

R. H. BATTLE, Jr., President.
C. B. ROOT, Vice President.
SEATON GALES, Sec'y.
P. COWPER, Supervisor.
HAMILTON & GRAHAM, Local Agents.
may 26 6m. Hillsboro, N. C.

THE WEIL HOUSE.

GOLDSBORO, N. C.,

W. R. BARRINGER, PROPRIETOR,

Board, per Day, $2.00 Dinner 75c.
April 15.

C. E. PARISH,

Attorney at Law,

Hillsboro, N. C.

PARTICULAR attention given to collections and cases in Bankruptcy.

Office in the Court House. [may 21 '20

Piedmont Air-Line Railway.

Richmond & Danville, Richmond & Danville R. W., N. C. Division, and North Western N. C. R. W,

—o—

Condensed Time Table, in effect on and after Sunday, July 26th, 1874.

GOING NORTH.

STATIONS.	MAIL.	EXPRESS.
Leave Charlotte.....	7.45 p. m.	8.35 A M
" Air Line Junc'n	8.15 "	8.56 "
" Salisbury.....	10.41 "	10.54 "
" Greensboro....	2.15 a m	1.15 P M
" Danville.....	5.13 "	3.52 "
" Dundee.....	5.35 "	4.13 "
" Burkeville.....	11.30	
Ar. at Richmond....	2.22 p. m.	11.04 p m

GOING SOUTH.

STATIONS.	MAIL.	EXPRESS.
Leave Richmond.	1.30 P. M.	11.04 P M.
" Burkville	4.41 "	8.07 A M
" Dundee	9.25 "	12.50 "
" Danville	9.59 "	1.44 "
" Greensboro	12.30 AM.	11.00 "
" Salisbury	2.15 A M.	2.21 P M
" Air-Line Jc'n	6.15 "	3.25 "
Ar. at Charlotte	6.52 "	3.50 "

GOING EAST.		GOING WEST.	
STATIONS.	MAIL.	STATIONS.	MAIL.
Leave Greensboro'	12.15 p. m.	Ar.	11.15 P m
" Co. Shops	4.00 "	L've	10.00 "
" Hillsboro,	"	"	"
" Raleigh	8.10 A M	"	5.41 "
Ar. at Goldsboro'	10.50 "	L've	2.30 P M

NORTH WESTERN N. C. R. R.

SALEM BRANCH.

STATIONS.	MAIL.	EXPRESS.
Leave Greensboro	2.00 p m	3.00 p m
Arrive at Salem	5.30 "	4.50 "
Leave Salem,	6.00 p m	8.00 a m
Arrive at Greensboro,	10.15 "	9.45 "

Passenger train leaving Raleigh at 5.41 p. m. connects at Greensboro with the Northern bound train; making the quickest time to all Northern cities. Price of Tickets same as via other routes.

Trains to and from points East of Greensboro connect at Greensboro with Mail Trains to or from points North or South.

Trains daily both ways.

On Sundays Lynchburg Accommodation leave Richmond at 9.42 a m., arrive at Burkeville 12.35 p m., leave Burkeville 4.35 a. m., arrive at Richmond 7.58 p m.

Pullman Palace cars on all night trains between Charlotte and Richmond, (without change.

Papers that have arrangements to advertise the schedule of this company will please print as above.

For further information address

S. E. ALLEN, Gen'l Ticket Agent
Greensboro, N. C.

T. M. R. TALCOTT,
Engineer and Superintendent.

GO TO TEXAS

VIA THE

Lone Star Route.

(International and Great Northern R. R.)

PASSENGERS going to Texas via Memphis and Little Rock, or via Shreveport, strike this line at Longview, the Best Route to Palestine, Hearne, Waco, Austin, Huntsville, Houston, Galveston and all points in Western, Central, Eastern and Southern Texas.

Passengers via New Orleans will find it the best Route to Tyler, Mineola, Dallas, Overton, Crockett, Longview and all points in Eastern and Northeastern Texas.

This line is well built, thoroughly equipped with every modern improvement, including New and Elegant Day Coaches, Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars, Westinghouse Air Brakes, Miller's Patent Safety Platforms and couplers; and nowhere else can the passenger so completely depend on a speedy, safe and comfortable journey.

The LONE STAR Route has admirably answered the query, "How to go to Texas" by the publication of an interesting and truthful document, containing a valuable and correct map, which can be obtained, free of charge, by addressing the GENERAL TICKET AGENT, International and Great Northern Railroad, Houston, Texas.

District E.] Feb 11y.